



VOS MONTHLY REPORT

December 2007

In December 2007, **234 manned and 779 automated observations** were received in average per day from EUMETNET ships operating in the EUCOS area of interest (408 conventional VOS and 69 AWS). These figures may be compared to those of 2002: 400 manned and 320 automated observations were received in average per day during this year.

The figures of 2007 were revised to take into account a few VOS recruited in 2007 by EUMETNET participants. The graphs of system performances were updated. They may be downloaded at: http://esurfmar.meteo.fr/doc/r/surfmar/others/e-surfmar_monitoring.pdf

EUCOS Automated Weather Stations (AWS)

In December 2007, **five Batos AWS stations** out of the eight funded by EUCOS in 2005 and 2006 reported their observations onto the GTS.

Ident.	Ship's name	CC	Last rep.	nobs	Remark
BATEU00	Mary Arctica	DK	20071229	415	
BATEU01	Toronto Express	UK	20071231	231	Synoptic hours only
BATEU02	Celtic Explorer	IR	20071214	29	GTS transmission released back for MSLP
BATEU03		DE			Lent to DWD for evaluation
BATEU04	Nuka Arctica	DK			In test in Denmark
BATEU05	Irena Arctica	DK	20071231	375	
BATEU06	Montreal Express	UK	20071225	101	Synoptic hours only
BATEU07					Not yet allocated

The installation aboard Montreal Express is not complete. Wind measurement inputs must be checked and the SST sensor must be installed. The operation is postponed again.

Inmarsat-C Half Compression trial

Two French conventional VOS only, fitted with the most recent version of TurboWin (version 4), report their observations through Aussaguel SAC 412 instead of SAC 41. Received at Météo-France the raw data are uncompressed, coded in FM-13 SHIP messages and sent onto the GTS. The data transmission costs twice less than through SAC 41. Dutch and UK ships who previously used the technique, came back to SAC 41.

Ident.	Last rep.	nobs	Remark
TBWFR01	20071130	110	
TBWFR02	20071127	116	

Masked call sign trial

Since mid-2006, E-SURFMAR is performing a masked call sign trial carried out accordingly to WMO Resolution 7 (EC-LVIII). The purpose is to avoid the availability of VOS ship's positions and identifications on public websites not controlled by National Meteorological Services. Messages reported onto the GTS by VOS participating in this E-SURFMAR trial report are fitted with unique identifiers which are different from their ITU call signs. All EUCOS funded AWS, as well as conventional ships participating in the half compression trial or not, have their call signs masked. More and more AWS systems operated by E-SURFMAR participants have also their identifiers masked. In December 2007, **8 conventional VOS and 55 shipborne AWS** (1 Avos, 1 Baros, 41 Batos, and 12 Minos) was participating in this trial.

News

The **first Baros prototype** (call sign BARFR00) continued to perfectly work in December. See http://www.shom.fr/cgi-bin/meteo/display_vos_ext.cgi?callchx=BARFR00 and check air pressure.

Useful links

The working area of the E-SURFMAR website <http://esurfmar.meteo.fr/wikisurf-wa/> is the place where you can get a lot of informations about the programme in general and its components (data buoys and VOS). Ask the E-SURFMAR Programme Manager Pierre.Blouch@meteo.fr for the password in case you forgot it. Notice you can participate in providing your own information to the PM or in writing directly on the website. This latest facility, easy to handle, may be provided to volunteers.

Monthly QC statistics and other quality control tools are available at:

<http://www.meteo.shom.fr/vos-monitoring/>

A "blacklist" of EUMETNET VOS reporting dubious air pressure values is displayed at:

<http://www.meteo.shom.fr/qctools/evblackap.htm>

VOS operators (focal points) and PMOs are invited to check whether their ships are not in this list and to take appropriate actions to correct possible problems if any.

A list of European AWS is available at <http://www.meteo.shom.fr/qctools/last-report-list.htm>. Updated every day, this list gives for each station: its operating country; the date of its first report (after July 2004); the date of its last report - in red for those which have not reported for more than 2 weeks - ; etc...

Graphs of system performances may be downloaded at:

http://esurfmar.meteo.fr/doc/r/surfmar/others/e-surfmar_monitoring.pdf

The official E-SURFMAR webpages are henceforth on the EUCOS Web site (<http://www.eucos.net/>). Choose "EUCOS Networks" then "E-SURFMAR" in the left menu.